

GET READY TO STUDY A LEVEL POLITICS

If you are planning to study A Level Politics with us in September, please review this document and complete the required activities. Please bring the completed activities with you at induction.

FAQ

What specification will I study?

Edexcel AS & A level Politics (2017) | Pearson qualifications

How many lessons will I have a week?

You'll have 4 lessons a week, each lesson is 1 hours and 5 minutes

Who can I contact if I have a question about this subject?

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What subjects go well with Politics?

History, Sociology, Religion, Philosophy and Ethics, English, Geography

What grades should I have?

In addition to the general sixth form entry requirements, learners must have grade 5 or above in GCSE English or History

WHAT WILL I STUDY?

In Year 12, you will study the following topics:

There are four content areas in UK Politics:

- 1. Democracy and participation
- 2. Political parties
- 3. Electoral systems
- 4. Voting behaviour and the media.

There are three content areas in Core Political Ideas:

- 1. Liberalism
- 2. Conservatism
- 3. Socialism.

UK Government There are four content areas:

- 1. The constitution
- 2. Parliament
- 3. Prime Minister and executive
- 4. Relations between the branches

Non- core political idea:

Feminism

In Year 13, you will study the following topics:

Global Politics

There are six content areas:

- 1. The state and globalisation
- 2. Global governance: political and economic
- 3. Global governance: human rights and environmental
- 4. Power and developments
- 5. Regionalism and the European Union
- 6. Comparative theories

WHAT WILL I NEED?

To study the course you will need the following equipment:

- · A folder with dividers
- Lined paper
- Pens and pencils
- Highlighters

We recommend all students buy a textbook and these can be purchased from the college at the start of term. Financial support is available for those.

FIND OUT MORE

These activities are to help broaden your understanding of the subject in preparation for studying this subject at an advanced level.

Careers	10 Great Jobs in Politics (thebalancecareers.com)
	Politics (ucas.com)
Social Media	The Politics Shed - Government & Politics A and AS Level
	(thepoliticsteacher.org)
YouTube	edexcel politics - YouTube
Further Reading / Useful	Free A Level Politics Edexcel Revision Content — Study Rocket
websites	

REQUIRED ACTIVITIES

It is important that all the required activities are completed in preparation for starting your course. Please bring these completed activities with you at induction.

Choosing your A Levels can be a challenge for some learners therefore if you are undecided around which subjects you are planning to study completing these activities will give yourself greater insight into the course to help ensure you have made the right choice.

Please complete the following tasks

Introduction to Politics-please read the following and make notes-this is the first topic

<u>Democracy and Participation – A Level Politics Edexcel Revision – Study Rocket</u>

The Politics Shed - Democracy (thepoliticsteacher.org)

Please complete the induction tasks below

INDUCTION TASK

Please complete this induction task

Introduction to A level Politics: Induction task (1)

Rate your knowledge of the following topics (tick the relevant column)

TOPIC	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>
	Know	Know a	Not sure	Know	Know lots
	nothing	little		quite a lot	
Democracy and Political Participation					
Political Parties					
Elections/Electoral Systems					
Voting Behaviour and the Media					

What do you already know about UK Politics?

Answer each question in the box on the right. You may need to do research on the internet to find some of the answers.

<u>Unit 1: UK Politics</u>	
(1) DEMOCRACY AND PARTICIPATION 1.1 Democracy	
1.1 DemocracyWhere did democracy originate?	
Name the two main types of democracy	
What type of democracy does the UK have?	
Give 2 features of a democracy (like the UK)	

- List 4 ways in which people can participate in politics?
- What was the percentage of people who voted in the 2015 and 2017 general election? What is this called?

1.2 Suffrage and The Franchise

- What is meant by 'The franchise'
- Which Acts of Parliament introduced the following:
 - a) Secret Ballot in elections
 - b) Gave women the right to vote at 21
 - c) Lowered the voting age to 18
- Explain what 'Votes at 16' and 'Compulsory Voting' are.

1.3 Pressure Groups

- What is a pressure group?
- Name two pressure groups
- List some tactics that are used by pressure groups

1.4 Rights

What are civil liberties?

 When was the Human Rights Act passed? Name two rights that are protected in the Human Rights Act 	
What does ECHR stand for?	
 What was the Equality Act passed? What does it say in relation to employment? 	
 Does Britain have a 'Bill of Rights'? 	
 2.ELECTIONS What types of elections are there in the UK? 	
 What is the name of our voting system for general elections? 	
 What voting systems are used for (a) Scottish Parliament elections (b) Northern Irish Assembly (c) Mayoral elections 	
What is a referendum?	
 Give an example of two referendums that have been held in the UK. What was the result of them? 	

•	3.POLITICAL PARTIES What is a political party?	
•	Explain the difference between 'left wing' and 'right wing'	
•	Name three political parties in the UK	
•	Can you name the leaders of the UK parties?	
•	What is the main aim on UKIP and the SNP?	
•	What is a 'multi-party' system?	
		l e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
4. \	OTING BEHAVIOUR AND THE	
<u>4. \</u>	OTING BEHAVIOUR AND THE MEDIA Outline 2 factors that influence people to vote	
4. \	MEDIA Outline 2 factors that influence	

 Which party formed a government as a result of the 2017 UK general election? 	
What are 'opinion polls'	
Name 3 types of media	
What topic (from above) are you most	looking forward to studying?
what topio (nom above) are you most	iooking forward to stadying.
What topic (from above) do you think i	s going to be the most challenging?
Do you have any questions about the	course content?

Component 2: UK Government

Rate your knowledge of the following topics (tick the relevant column)

TOPIC	<u>1</u> Know	<u>2</u> Know a	3 Not sure	<u>4</u> Know	<u>5</u> Know lots
	nothing	little	Not sure	quite a lot	KIIOW IOIS
<u>Constitution</u>					
<u>Parliament</u>					
Prime Minister and Cabinet					
Relations between institutions					

 THE CONSTITUTION What is a constitution? What is a uncodified constitution? What is a uncodified constitution? Does Britain have a written constitution?
 What is a uncodified constitution? Does Britain have a written
constitution?Does Britain have a written
What is a 'Bill of Rights'
What is devolution?

2. <u>PARLIAMENT</u>	
 Who has the most power the House of Commons or the House of Lords? 	
 How many members are there in the House of Commons? 	
 People that sit in the Commons are known as what? People who sit in the Lords are known as what? 	
 'Members of the House of Lords are elected' True or False? 	
3. PRIME MINISTER AND THE CABINET	
Can you name the last 5 prime ministers?	
 Is the Prime Minister directly elected? 	
 Who has served as prime minster for the longest period of time since 1945? 	
What is the Cabinet?	
 Can you name two members of the Cabinet? 	

What is 'Collective responsibility'?	
4 DELATIONS DETWEEN	
 4. RELATIONS BETWEEN INSTITUTIONS What is the name of the highest court in the UK? 	
What is judicial independence?	
How many countries are in the European Union	
What is the 'Single Market'	
What is 'article 50' and when did Britain trigger it?	
What is sovereignty	

What is parliamentary sovereignty	
What topic (from above) are you most looking	forward to studying?
What topic (from above) do you think is going	to be the most challenging?
Do you have any questions about the course of	content?
Using the resources below and others please	answer the following question:
Evaluate the extent to which the UK is suffering fr	om a participation crisis (30 marks)
https://studyrocket.co.uk/revision/a-level-politdemocracy-in-the-uk	ics-edexcel/uk-politics/the-state-of-
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mKoimlf2l	nh4

Ke	y terminology-match up task
	Government by the people, for the people
	Being involved in the political process
	The British legislature made up of the House of Commons, The House of Lords and the Monarch
	A general agreement or acceptance
	a vote in which all the people in an area/region/country are asked to give their opinion about or decide an important political or social question
	The right to vote
	The number of people eligible to vote who actually do
	The right or authority to exercise power
	Being passive or indifferent, not caring
	A legal member of a state, entitled to its rights/ privileges
	A document setting out a party's policies to be enacted if it wins an election
	Being answerable for your actions
	Selection of person/ persons for office, usually by a vote
	Area/ people represented by another
	Socio-economic group, divisions in society e.g. working/ middle etc
	Organised group whose members share common ideas and seek to form a government
	Organised group who share a common interest or concern and seek to influence the government
	Overarching ideas on politics, society, economy etc.
	A combination or alliance between states/ parties etc
	Framework of rules which set out how something is run
	Supreme power over a state
	Powers passed down to lower authority e.g. Welsh Assembly
	Gradual change/ improvement
	Freedoms guaranteed to citizens from the state
	The Prime Minister and senior ministers, most of whom lead a particular government department

LEGITIMACY	IDEOLOGY	SOVEREIGNTY	POLITICAL PARTY	CLASS
PARLIAMENT	ACCOUNTABILITY	DEMOCRACY	CIVIL LIBERTII	ES THE CABINET
CONSENSUS	REFORM	FRANCHISE	PARTICIPATION	COALITION
TURNOUT REFER	RENDUM DEVOLUTION	APATHY	ELECTION CONST	TITUTION
MANIFESTO	CONSTITUEN	CY PRESS	SURE GROUP	CITIZEN